MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET GENERAL HYDROPONICS pH Down™ Dry Concentrate 6/9/11

SECTION 1. MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: pH Down™ Dry Concentrate.

Chemical Family: Acid crystals.

Product Use: To lower the pH of hydroponic nutrient solution and plant fertilizers.

Manufactured by: General Hydroponics, 3789 Vine Hill Rd., Sebastopol CA 95472 (707) 824-9376 Fax: (707) 824-9377

For Emergency Day or Night Call: CHEMTREC - Domestic North America 800-424-9300, International 703-527-3887 (collect calls

accepted)

SECTION 2, INGREDIENTS AND OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

Ingredients: pH Down™ Dry Concentrate contains ammonium sulfate, citric acid, and urea phosphate. The exact concentration of each chemical ingredient is a trade secret.

Exposure Limits: Chemicals used in pH Down™ Dry Concentrate, when inhaled in a powder form, are known to be irritants to the upper respiratory tract. OSHA has established a PEL for an eight-hour time weighted average of 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) or 15 mg/m³ eight-hour time weighted average (total dust). ACGIH has established a 10 mg/m³ eight-hour time weighted average threshold limit value for exposure to chemicals in this category. When these chemicals are in aqueous solution and are not aerosolized, they are not an inhalation hazard.

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

*** Emergency Overview ***

WARNING! CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

Potential Health Effects:

Primary Entry Routes: Ingestion, inhalation, skin **Target Organs:** Gastrointestinal and respiratory tract

Acute Effects:

- · Ingestion, severe digestive tract irritation with possible burns
- Inhalation, irritation and possible burns
- · Skin, severe irritation and burns
- Eye, severe burns

Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list as a carcinogen.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Long- term Exposure: Unknown

Chronic Effects: Same as acute

Other: None

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Rinse out the mouth, **do not induce vomiting**, and seek immediate medical help.

Eye Contact: Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly shut. Gently lift eyelids and flush immediately and continuously with flooding amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician or ophthalmologist if pain or irritation develops.

Skin Contact: Wash exposed area with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, consult a physician.

Inhalation: Remove exposed person to fresh air and support breathing, if necessary. Consult a physician as soon as possible.

After first aid: Get appropriate community medical support.

SECTION 5. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point: May be combustible at high temperatures.

Auto-ignition Temperature: Unknown.

LEL: Unknown.

Flammability Classification: Unknown.

Burning Rate: Unknown.

Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray, fog, or foam.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards: Container may explode in heat of fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon and nitrogen oxides.

Fire-Fighting Instructions: Do not release run-off from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

Fire Fighting Equipment: Because fire may produce toxic thermal decomposition products, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCAB) with a full-face piece.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 1; Instability: 1

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill /Leak Procedures: Use personal protective equipment, cover with dry lime or soda ash, and place in closed container for disposal. Flush spill area with water. In case of large spill, clear the area and notify appropriate emergency response activity.

Regulatory Requirements: Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions: Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of aerosols and ingestion. Wear an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator for protection where airborne concentrations are excessive. Respirator usage must be in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).

Storage Requirements: Store as a corrosive in tightly closed containers away from incompatible materials.

Regulatory Reguirements: Follow applicable OSHA regulations

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/personal protection

Airborne Exposure Limits for Phosphoric Acid:

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):1 mg/m3 (TWA)

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):1 mg/m3 (TWA), 3 mg/m3 (STEL)

Engineering Controls: Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations as low as possible.

Administrative Controls: Avoid inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact. Do not mix with solutions containing bleach or ammonia.

Respiratory Protection: If this product is used as directed, respiratory protection is not required. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, wear a MSHA/ NIOSH-approved respirator. If respirators are used, OSHA requires a written respiratory protection program that includes, at least: medical certification, training, fit testing, periodic environmental monitoring, maintenance, inspection, cleaning, and convenient, sanitary storage areas.

Protective Clothing/ Equipment: Use gloves and aprons while using.

Comments: Never eat, drink, or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the toilet, or applying cosmetics.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor and Physical State: Yellow powder

Odor Threshold Range: Odorless

Vapor Pressure: Unknown

Water Solubility: Completely soluble

Other Solubilities: Unknown

Boiling Point / Freezing Point / Viscosity: Unknown SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers, under normal storage and handling conditions.

Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization cannot occur.

Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents, strong bases, potassium, nitrogen trichloride, sodium hypochlorite

Conditions to Avoid: Do not mix with ammonia or bleach.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Sulfur oxides, ammonia, nitrogen oxides, potassium chlorate, potassium nitrite, sulfur trioxide

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The toxicity of the combination of the chemicals, in the concentrations used in General Hydroponics pH Down™ is unknown. The rat oral, LD50 for phosphoric acid is 1,530 mg/kg and the rabbit skin, LD50 is 220 mg/kg.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Unknown

Environmental Fate: Not expected to be significant. Physical removal from air can occur via rainfall.

Environmental Degradation: Unknown

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Follow Federal, State, and local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The chemicals in pH Down™ Dry Concentrate are not regulated by DOT.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA Regulations: Not listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

General Hydroponics pH Down™ Dry Concentrate is a plant nutrition aid. Information assembled for this Material Safety Data Sheet is for the use of this product as intended by the manufacturer. Users should take all precautions recommended herein while working with this product.

General Hydroponics provides the information contained herein in good faith, but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in using this product.